PRODUCT: 36 boxes of rectal suppositories at Kansas City, Mo. Examination of samples showed that the product would not melt at body temperature.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Rectal Suppositories Aminophylline and Phenobarbital Sodium" was false and misleading since it implied that the article was suitable for the administration of aminophylline and phenobarbital sodium by rectum, whereas it was not suitable for such purpose since it would not melt at body temperature; and the label statement "Suppositories readily fuse or melt when exposed to body temperature" was false and misleading since the article would not fuse or melt at such temperature.

DISPOSITION: January 26, 1950. Default decree of destruction.

3076. Misbranding of Bath-O-Steam devices. U. S. v. 2 Devices, etc. (F. D. C. No. 28534. Sample No. 63645-K.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about January 20, 1950, Southern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 16, 1949, by the Bath-O-Steam Corp., from West Alexandria, Ohio.

PRODUCT: 2 Bath-O-Steam devices at Orlando, Fla., together with a number of accompanying leaflets entitled "The Luxury of Turkish Steam Baths."

The device consisted of a square metal frame with a cover made of a plastic material, which when set up served as a home bath cabinet. An electric heating unit was supplied, together with a pan for heating water for a steam bath. The user was directed to sit inside the cabinet with the head or upper part of the body protruding.

LABEL, IN PART: (Leaflet) "All Electric Steam Bath or Dry Heat Sweat Bath Right In Your Own Home."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the following statements in the accompanying leaflets were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the device was effective for the purposes stated and implied, whereas it was not effective for such purposes: "Sweat Away Excess Fat Sooth Aches and Pains of Rheumatism, Arthritis, Colds Due to Body Poisons Relieve Nervous Tension * * sweat away ugly excess fat and the poisons which cause colds; to soothe rheumatic and arthritic pains; to relieve tense nerves; and countless other benefits."

DISPOSITION: March 31, 1950. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

3077. Misbranding of Detoxacolon Therapy Apparatus. U. S. v. 1 Device * * *. (F. D. C. No. 28072. Sample No. 53852-K.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about October 24, 1949, Northern District of Alabama. Alleged Shipment: On or about June 2, 1949, by the United X-Ray & Equipment Co., from St. Louis, Mo.

Product: 1 Detoxacolon Therapy Apparatus at Decatur, Ala., together with a leaflet entitled "Let's Live" and a newspaper mat entitled "Something New Has Been Added." Examination showed that the device was one for mixing oxygen and water for administration as a rectal enema.

LABEL, IN PART: "Detoxacolon Therapy Apparatus Model 6 905 Serial No. 2920889."

NATURE of CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Detoxacolon" and certain statements in the newspaper mat and leaflet were false and misleading since the device was not effective for the purposes, and was